

Classification:

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Date

EL13-010 ITB13-006 March 22, 2013

Reference:

2005-2013 INFINITI; CAN COMMUNICATION – NETWORK DIAGNOSTIC FLOW CHART

APPLIED VEHICLES: All 2005 – 2013MY Infiniti Vehicles

SERVICE INFORMATION

This TSB is for troubleshooting of CAN Modules with "Diag-On-CAN" Diagnostics. The flow charts below are meant to troubleshoot <u>current</u> CAN DTCs. The flow charts are intended to diagnose one module at a time; repeat the process as needed for additional control units.

Definition of CAN Codes:

U1000 – missing ECM CAN communications not related to OBD2 system

U1000 – missing CAN communications for all other ECUs

U1001 – missing ECM CAN communications related to OBD2 system

U1002 – similar to U1000, but has a tighter timing spec to set the DTC

U1010 - Module has internal Issues

CLAIMS INFORMATION

Submit a Primary Part (PFP) type line claim using the following claims coding:

OP NAME	OP CODE	FRT
CAN DIAGONSIS End Diag 1	RX3DAA	0.5
CAN DIAGONSIS End Diag 2	RC3FAA	1.0
CAN DIAGONSIS End Diag 3	RC3HAA	2.0
CAN DIAGONSIS End Diag 4	RC3MAA	4.0
CAN DIAGONSIS End Diag 5	RC3PAA	5.0

- * The PFP should be the part number of the component that was diagnosed with issues and replaced.
- * These operation codes cannot be claimed alone. They must be claimed in combination with the replacement of the diagnosed component.
- * Use the appropriate Symptom and Diagnosis code which applies to the replaced component.

Infiniti Bulletins are intended for use by qualified technicians, not 'do-it-yourselfers'. Qualified technicians are properly trained individuals who have the equipment, tools, safety instruction, and know-how to do a job properly and safely. NOTE: If you believe that a described condition may apply to a particular vehicle, DO NOT assume that it does. See your Infiniti dealer to determine if this applies to your vehicle.

Helpful Tips:

- Always diagnose CAN communication codes first, U1000, U1001, U1002, U1010, then network codes, UXXXX, and then all other codes.
- A quick method to test CAN communications is to operate the vehicle's functions such as Hazards, Brakes, Tachometer, PRNDL, Speedometer, 4WD, Difflock, Seat Memory, Power Back Door or High Beams.
- In a low voltage situation (less than 10V), modules will stop communicating at different voltages.
- Integrated Power Distribution Module (IPDM) is a smart relay and fuse box. It powers other modules in the same way fuses and relays do.
- CAN voltages can be checked via CONSULT.
- Missing "Ignition 2" fuse or other high level fuses can cause CAN Diag Support Monitor to not work.
- High level fuses such as "Ignition 1", "Ignition 2" and "Elec B" power many modules.
- Pins/terminals can be bent and still pass visual inspection.
- When troubleshooting a harness that has multiple inline connections, section off the harness and
 isolate it one portion at a time. Add a terminating resistor to the end of the harness in substitution of the
 terminating modules.
- If a module has multiple connectors, disconnect one at a time.

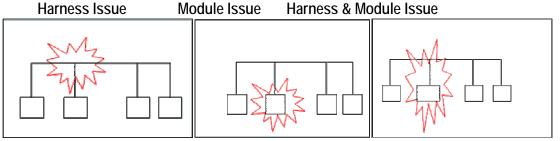
NOTE: 120 ohm resistors may be needed to perform diagnostics.

Normal CAN Measurements

CAN	HI-LO	HI-GND	LO-GND
Normal Resistance measurement	60Ω	kΩ-OC *	kΩ-OC *

^{*} $k\Omega$ = kilo Ohms, OC = open circuit

Main Types of Issues:

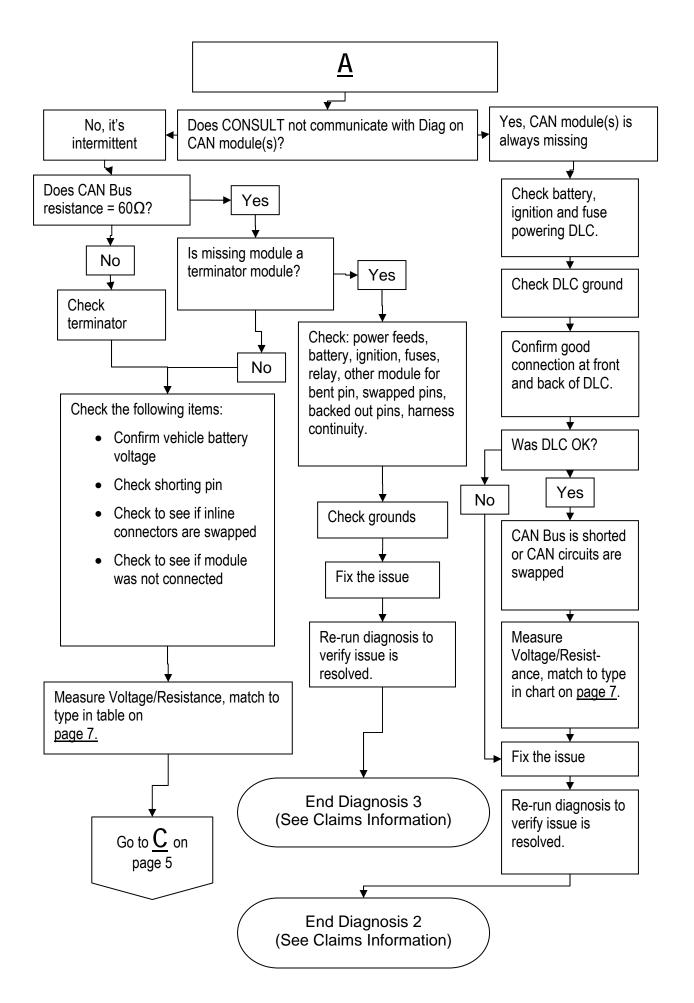


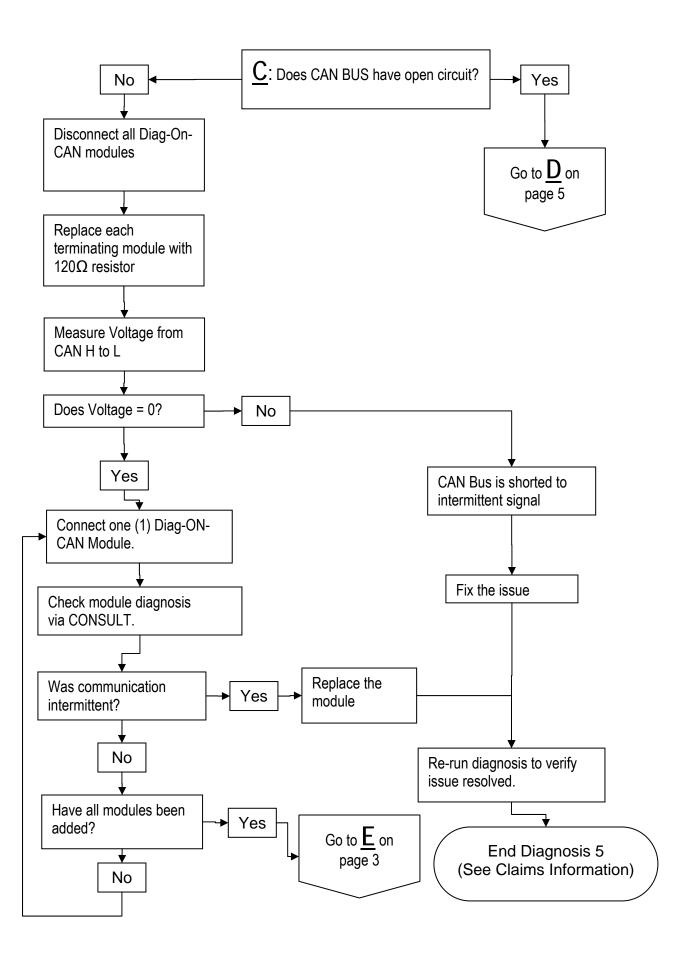
NOTE: DO NOT REPLACE ANY COMPONENTS UNLESS IT IS SUPPORTED BY DIAGNOSIS

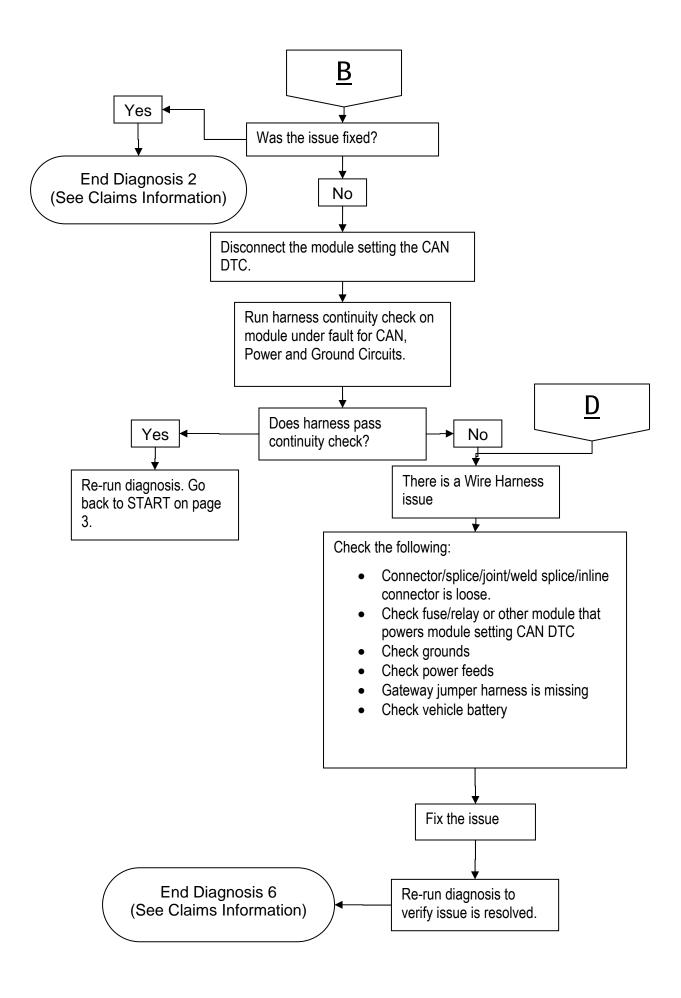
NOTE: Use legend below for flow charts on pages 3-6 and Table A on page 7.

OC=Open Circuit; SC=Short Circuit; H=High; L=Low; Mid=Middle; Term=Terminating; V=voltage; DLC=data link connector

Troubleshooting Flowchart **START** Does Consult list all Diag-On-CAN No Yes Modules all the time? CAN Bus wires and termination resistance are OK. Go to $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ on Cycle Ignition <u>E</u> page 4 What current CAN DTCs are shown in CONUSLT? NOTE: if no current DTCs are shown, this TSB U1000, U1001, U1002, and does not apply. Reference the Electronic other CAN related DTCs Service Manual (ESM) for diagnosis of UXXXX intermittent issues. Check the following items: U1010 Module was not connected Module has internally issue Replace the Module is not installed module that sets Wrong Part Number U1010. Module is not programmed Wrong configuration Go to \boldsymbol{B} on End Diagnosis 1 (See Claims Information) page 6







Harness Incident Type:

Use the Chart below to determine the type of Harness Incident.

- Measure CAN H or L to Ground at the DLC for Voltage.
- Measure CAN H to L for resistance.

NOTE: Use the legend below for Table A.

OC=Open Circuit; SC=Short Circuit; H=High; L=Low; Mid=Middle; Term=Terminating; V=voltage; DLC=data link connector

Table A

TYPE	RESISTANCE	CAN H V, KEY OFF, CAN BUS ASLEEP	CAN L V, KEY OFF, CAN BUS ASLEEP	CAN H V, KEY ON	CAN L V, KEY ON
Normal	60Ω	0v	0v	2.7v	2.3v
Main bus OC	120Ω	0v	0v	2.6v	2.3v
Main bus OC of Can H	120Ω	0v	0v	2.6v	2.2v
Main bus OC of CAN L	120Ω	0v	0v	2.7v	2.4v
Branch OC	60Ω	0v	0v	2.7v	2.3v
Branch OC CAN H	60Ω	0v	0v	2.7v	2.3v
Branch OC CAN L	60Ω	0v	0v	2.7v	2.3v
Branch OC at DLC	OC/MΩ	0v	0v	0v	0v
Branch OC at DLC CAN H	OC/MΩ	0v	0v	0v	2.3v
Branch OC at DLC CAN L	ΟC/ΜΩ	0v	0v	2.7v	0v
OC at Term ECU	120Ω	0v	0v	2.7v	2.3v
OC at Term ECU-CAN H	120Ω	0v	0v	2.7v	2.3v
OC at Term ECU-CAN L	120Ω	0v	0v	2.7v	2.3v
CAN H SC to Battery	N/A	B+	Approximately B+	B+	Approximately B+
CAN L SC to Battery	N/A	Approximately B+	B+	Approximately B+	B+
CAN H SC to Ignition	N/A	0v	0v	B+	Approximately B+
CAN L SC to Ignition	N/A	0v	0v	Approximately B+	B+
CAN H SC to Signal	Varies	Varies	Varies	Varies	Varies
CAN L SC to Signal	Varies	Varies	Varies	Varies	Varies
CAN H to L SC	0Ω	0v	0v	2.5v	2.5v
CAN H SC to Ground	161Ω	0v	0v	0v	Approximately 0v
CAN L SC to Ground	0Ω	0v	0v	Approximately 0.7v	٥v

7/7

ITB13-006